

# Linux wird echtzeitfähig: RT-Extension vs. PREEMPT\_RT

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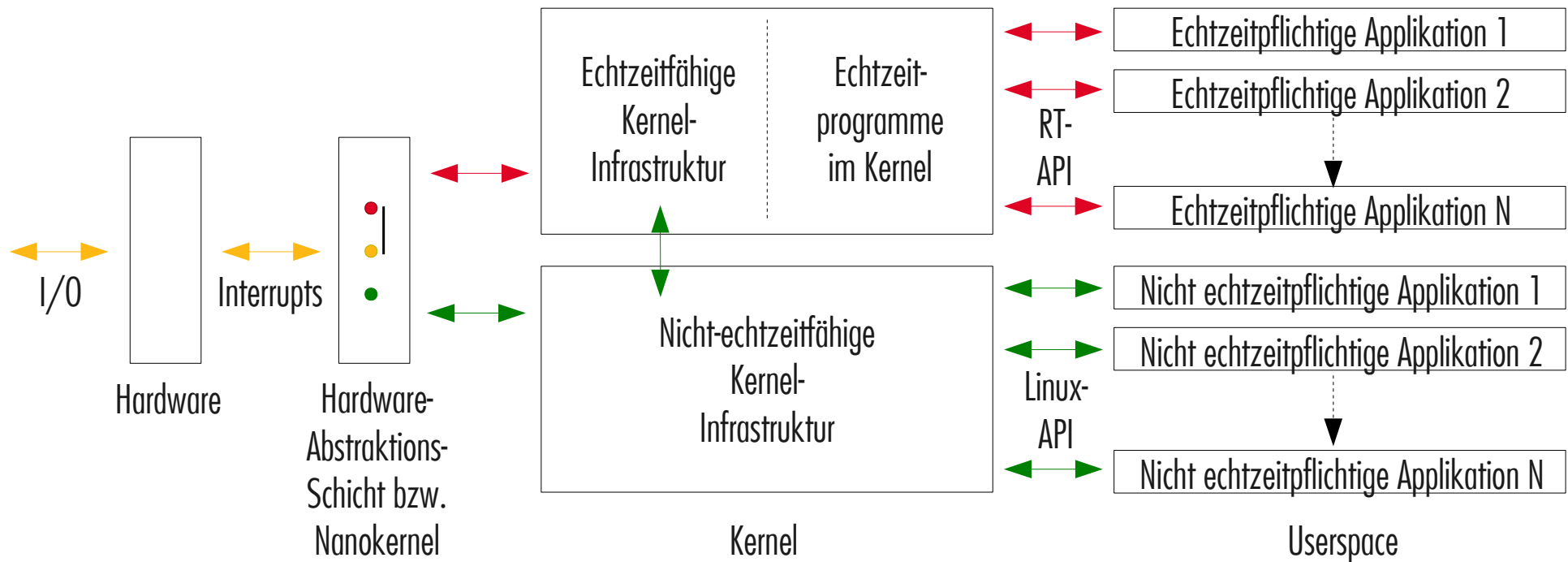


**Zitat aus dem Jahre 2004, unbekannte Quelle**

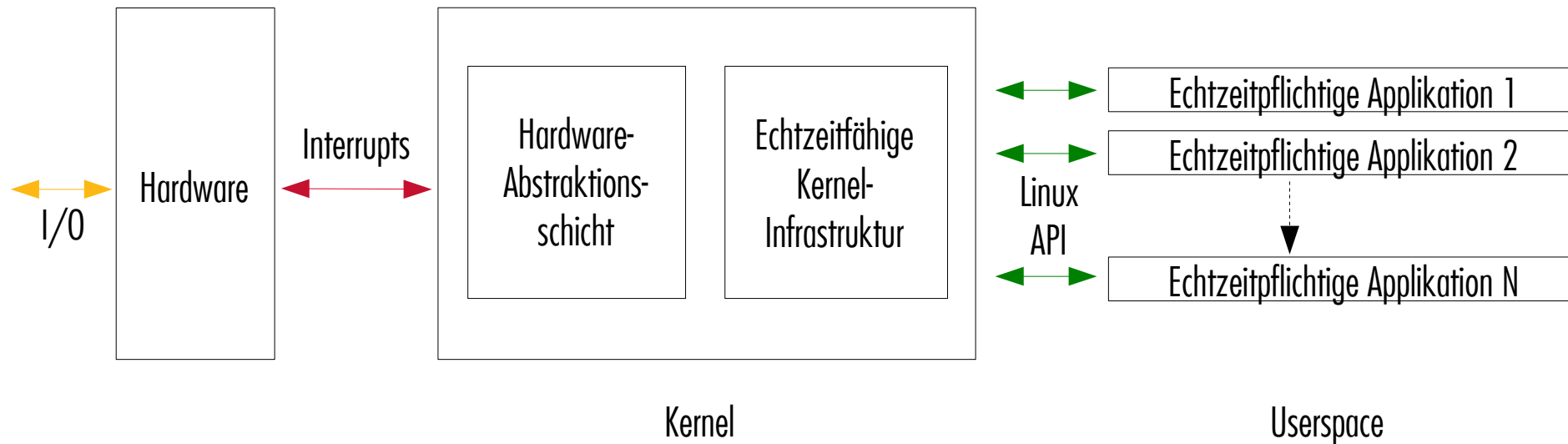
***“It's impossible to turn a General Purpose  
Operating System (GPOS) Kernel into a Real  
Time Operating System (RTOS) Kernel”***



# Was ist eine Real Time Extension?



# Was ist ein Real Time Operating System?



# Treibende Kräfte für Echtzeit-Linux

- SMP
- (Auffinden von Race-Conditions)
- Audio
- Video
- Banking
- Automation

# Autoren von Echtzeit-Linux

- Doug Niehaus, University of Kansas
- Thomas Gleixner, Linutronix
- Ingo Molnàr, Red Hat
- Peter Zijlstra, Red Hat
- Paul E. McKenney, IBM
- Steven Rostedt, Red Hat
- viele andere

# Komponenten von Echtzeit-Linux

- Deterministic Scheduler
- Preemption Support
- PI Mutexes
- High-Resolution Timer
- Preemptive Read-Copy Update
- IRQ Threads (selected, forced)
- Raw Spinlock Annotation
- Preemptive Memory Management
- Full Realtime Preemption Support

# Kernel-Summit, Ottawa, August 2006

*"Controlling a laser with Linux is crazy, but everyone in this room is crazy in his own way. So if you want to use Linux to control an industrial welding laser, I have no problem with your using PREEMPT\_RT."*

Linus Torvalds





## Realtime Linux Road Map

This is the current status of Realtime Linux using the Realtime-Preempt patches:

Architecture	x86	x86/64	powerpc	arm	mips	68knommu
Deterministic Scheduler	●	●	●	●	●	●
Preemption Support	●	●	●	●	●	●
PI Mutexes	●	●	●	●	●	● <sup>3</sup>
High-Resolution Timer	●	● <sup>1</sup>	● <sup>1</sup>	● <sup>1</sup>	● <sup>1</sup>	●
Preemptive Read-Copy Update	● <sup>2</sup>	● <sup>2</sup>	● <sup>2</sup>	● <sup>2</sup>	● <sup>2</sup>	● <sup>2</sup>
IRQ Threads	● <sup>4</sup>	● <sup>4</sup>	● <sup>4</sup>	● <sup>4</sup>	● <sup>4</sup>	● <sup>3,4,5</sup>
Raw Spinlock Annotation	● <sup>6</sup>	● <sup>6</sup>	● <sup>6</sup>	● <sup>6</sup>	● <sup>6</sup>	● <sup>6</sup>
Full Realtime Preemption Support	●	●	●	●	●	● <sup>3</sup>

● Available in mainline Linux

● Available when Realtime-Preempt patches applied



# Kernel-Konfiguration

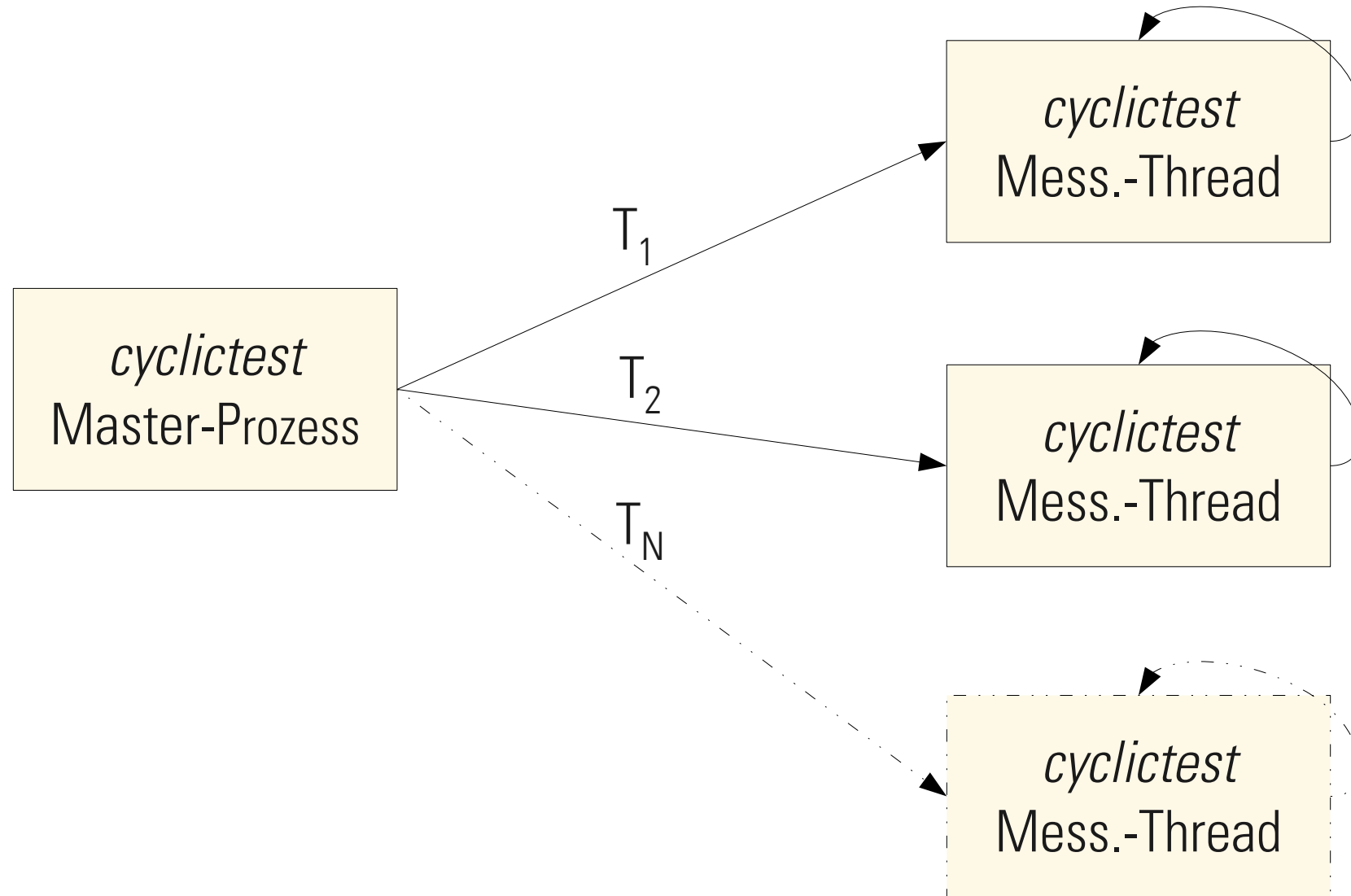
```
File Edit View Terminal Help
.config - Linux Kernel v2.6.33.5-rt22 Configuration

Preemption Mode
Use the arrow keys to navigate this window or press the hotkey of
the item you wish to select followed by the <SPACE BAR>. Press
<?> for additional information about this option.

( ) No Forced Preemption (Server)
( ) Voluntary Kernel Preemption (Desktop)
( ) Preemptible Kernel (Low-Latency Desktop)
(X) Complete Preemption (Real-Time)

<Select> < Help >
```

# Latenz-Messung (1)



# Latenz-Messung (2)

High-resolution timer      Run on CPU #0      Priority 99  
Start one thread      Interval 100  $\mu$ s

```
# cyclicttest -n -a0 -t1 -p99 -i100
```

T: 0 (26623) P:99 I:100 C:2244063 Min: 2 Act: 5 Avg: 4 Max: 27

Process ID      Cycles      Worst-case latency in  $\mu$ s



# Latenz-Messung (3)

High-resolution timer      Run on CPU #0      Start 12 threads      Priority 99, 98, 97, ... 88      Interval 100 µs      No delay

```
# cyclicttest -n -a0 -t12 -p99 -i100 -d0
```

T: 0	( 2910)	P:99	I:100	C:3217008	Min:	2	Act:	6	Avg:	4	Max:	32
T: 1	( 2911)	P:98	I:100	C:3217008	Min:	1	Act:	4	Avg:	3	Max:	59
T: 2	( 2912)	P:97	I:100	C:3217007	Min:	2	Act:	4	Avg:	3	Max:	47
T: 3	( 2913)	P:96	I:100	C:3217007	Min:	2	Act:	11	Avg:	3	Max:	53
T: 4	( 2914)	P:95	I:100	C:3217007	Min:	2	Act:	9	Avg:	4	Max:	53
T: 5	( 2915)	P:94	I:100	C:3217007	Min:	3	Act:	9	Avg:	7	Max:	89
T: 6	( 2916)	P:93	I:100	C:3217007	Min:	2	Act:	5	Avg:	4	Max:	85
T: 7	( 2917)	P:92	I:100	C:3217006	Min:	2	Act:	10	Avg:	5	Max:	119
T: 8	( 2918)	P:91	I:100	C:3217006	Min:	2	Act:	13	Avg:	9	Max:	148
T: 9	( 2919)	P:90	I:100	C:3217007	Min:	1	Act:	4	Avg:	4	Max:	178
T:10	( 2920)	P:89	I:100	C:3217006	Min:	1	Act:	4	Avg:	3	Max:	1413
T:11	( 2921)	P:88	I:100	C:3217006	Min:	3	Act:	7	Avg:	10	Max:	27331

# Latenz-Messung (4)

High-resolution timer      Run on all CPUs      Start 12 threads      Priority 99, 98, 97, ... 88      Interval 100  $\mu$ s      No delay

```
# cyclicttest -n -a -t12 -p99 -i100 -d0
```

T: 0	(11009)	P:99	I:100	C:3748311	Min: 2	Act: 3	Avg: 4	Max: 28
T: 1	(11010)	P:98	I:100	C:3748311	Min: 2	Act: 2	Avg: 4	Max: 27
T: 2	(11011)	P:97	I:100	C:3748311	Min: 2	Act: 10	Avg: 4	Max: 31
T: 3	(11012)	P:96	I:100	C:3748310	Min: 2	Act: 3	Avg: 3	Max: 14
T: 4	(11013)	P:95	I:100	C:3748310	Min: 2	Act: 3	Avg: 4	Max: 40
T: 5	(11014)	P:94	I:100	C:3748310	Min: 2	Act: 3	Avg: 5	Max: 29
T: 6	(11015)	P:93	I:100	C:3748310	Min: 2	Act: 3	Avg: 4	Max: 28
T: 7	(11016)	P:92	I:100	C:3748310	Min: 2	Act: 3	Avg: 4	Max: 20
T: 8	(11017)	P:91	I:100	C:3748309	Min: 2	Act: 7	Avg: 4	Max: 32
T: 9	(11018)	P:90	I:100	C:3748308	Min: 2	Act: 6	Avg: 4	Max: 27
T:10	(11019)	P:89	I:100	C:3748309	Min: 2	Act: 3	Avg: 4	Max: 24
T:11	(11020)	P:88	I:100	C:3748309	Min: 2	Act: 2	Avg: 5	Max: 46

# Latenz-Messung (5)

High-resolution timer      Run on all CPUs      Start 12 threads      Priority 99 of all threads      Interval 100  $\mu$ s      No delay

# `cyclictest`      `-s`      `-p99`      `-i100`      `-d0`

T: 0	(15350)	P:99	I:100	C:3839755	Min: 2	Act: 6	Avg: 3	Max: 24
T: 1	(15351)	P:99	I:100	C:3839755	Min: 2	Act: 7	Avg: 4	Max: 19
T: 2	(15352)	P:99	I:100	C:3839755	Min: 2	Act: 8	Avg: 4	Max: 27
T: 3	(15353)	P:99	I:100	C:3839755	Min: 2	Act: 5	Avg: 4	Max: 24
T: 4	(15354)	P:99	I:100	C:3839755	Min: 2	Act: 5	Avg: 3	Max: 20
T: 5	(15355)	P:99	I:100	C:3839755	Min: 2	Act: 5	Avg: 5	Max: 52
T: 6	(15356)	P:99	I:100	C:3839755	Min: 2	Act: 5	Avg: 4	Max: 20
T: 7	(15357)	P:99	I:100	C:3839755	Min: 2	Act: 5	Avg: 3	Max: 17
T: 8	(15358)	P:99	I:100	C:3839755	Min: 2	Act: 10	Avg: 4	Max: 28
T: 9	(15359)	P:99	I:100	C:3839754	Min: 2	Act: 5	Avg: 4	Max: 22
T:10	(15360)	P:99	I:100	C:3839755	Min: 2	Act: 5	Avg: 4	Max: 42
T:11	(15361)	P:99	I:100	C:3839755	Min: 2	Act: 5	Avg: 5	Max: 34

# Zusammenfassung (1)

**Es ist tatsächlich möglich, ein ursprünglich als General Purpose Operating System (GPOS) geplantes und entwickeltes Betriebssystem nachträglich in ein Real Time Operating System (RTOS) umzuwandeln.**





# Zusammenfassung (2)

**Dabei ist es sogar gelungen, alle Eigenschaften des GPOS zu erhalten und entsprechende Echtzeitfähigkeit herzustellen.**

**Die Parametrisierung aus dem Userspace erfolgt ausschließlich über die Standard-POSIX-Schnittstelle.**

